

# LAW SUPPLEMENTARY

1. Which of the following statements concerning the criminal discovery process in adversarial jurisdictions is most accurate?
- A. Although the prosecution may request information, the defendant is not allowed to request information unless the judge approves
  - B. Neither party may request evidence from the opposing party until after the trial begins.
  - C. Most discovery between the parties occurs during the pre-trial stage.
  - D. If a party to the litigation fails to comply with a discovery request, the prosecution settles the dispute and may order the party to comply.
2. Which of the following statements concerning judges and juries is MOST ACCURATE?
- A. Inquisitorial judicial processes are those that do not use juries in a fact-finding role
  - B. In a bench trial in adversarial jurisdictions, the judge only decides questions of law.
  - C. Juries primarily decide issues of law in adversarial jurisdictions.
  - D. In serious cases, some inquisitorial jurisdictions use juries that include both judges and legal professionals
3. In inquisitorial jurisdictions, which of the following parties may access the full evidentiary record prior to the trial phase of criminal proceedings?
- A. The judge and the prosecution only
  - B. The prosecution only
  - C. Both the prosecution and the defense
  - D. The defense only
4. The commencement of a civil action begins with the filing of a(n):
- A. Pleading, usually in the jurisdiction in which the defendant resides or where the claim arose
  - B. Information, usually in the jurisdiction where the plaintiff resides
  - C. Supposition, usually in the jurisdiction where the defendant resides
  - D. Information, usually in the jurisdiction in which the defendant or plaintiff resides or where the claim arose
5. Edward is being prosecuted in a common law system using adversarial processes for committing data theft after hacking into a victim's website. In defence of the charges, Edward claims that he did not have the technical skills required to gain access to the site, and therefore could not have committed the crime. The prosecution wants to show evidence of Edward's previous convictions for data theft to prove that he has the technical skills required to gain access to the site. Could the court allow the prosecution to introduce the evidence of Edward's previous convictions?
- A. No, because Edward's prior convictions are inadmissible character evidence.
  - B. No, because the evidence is not relevant
  - C. Yes, because the evidence is being entered to prove Edward's ability to commit the crime
  - D. Yes, because the evidence is self-authenticating.
6. Litigation privileges and other similar evidentiary protections, such as the work product doctrine, only protect documents and materials prepared by an attorney.
- A. True
  - B. False

7. Which of the following parties might serve to make factual findings in criminal proceedings in various civil law systems?
- A. A jury
  - B. A judge
  - C. A panel of both professional and lay judges
  - D. All of the above
8. Which of the following statements about criminal charging documents in common law jurisdictions is CORRECT?
- A. Indictments are accusations in writing of offences and are brought in the name of the government.
  - B. The primary charging document in common law jurisdictions is the arrest warrant
  - C. All crimes are charged by indictment(unless waived by the defendant)
  - D. Informations are charging documents that are typically prepared by the jury
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10. In civil litigation in civil law jurisdictions, when is the trial record typically created?
- A. After the judge has announced the court's decision
  - B. Throughout the trial as the court gathers evidence
  - C. After the court has completed the evidence-gathering process
  - D. In the pre-trial stage