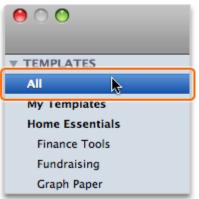
In Excel, you create and save data in a workbook. You can start with a blank workbook, an existing saved workbook, or a template. When you open Excel, the Excel Workbook Gallerv opens. It provides a variety of template choices and quick access to recent workbook.
 Microsoft

 If you have not already opened Excel, on the T



2 In the Excel Workbook Gallery, under **Templates**, click **All**.



Tip If you don't see the Workbook Gallery, quit and then reopen Excel.

3 Click Excel Workbook, and then click Choose.

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▼ TEMPLATES	1	2.0				7
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P Tip To always start with a blank document when you open Excel, select the **Don't** show this when opening Excel check box.

4 Notice that a blank workbook (Workbook1) appears.

Notice that a blank workb	book (Workbook1)	appears.		nasomonsingi.com
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Hints

- To create a new blank workbook at any time in Excel, on the File menu, click New Workbook (also written as File > New Workbook in this tutorial).
- To show the Excel Workbook Gallery at any time while using Excel, click File > New from Template.

2. Explore the Excel interface

In a new blank workbook, you can simply click in a cell and begin entering data. However, before you begin entering data, you should familiarize yourself with some of the user interface elements that you can use in all workbooks.

Let's take a look at some of the Excel user interface elements.

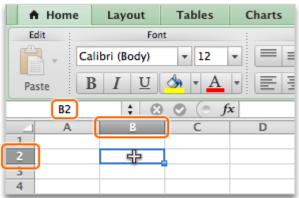
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- (1) **Menu bar**: The area at the top of the screen where all menus are displayed. The File, Edit, and View menus have the most commonly used menu commands.
- 2 Standard toolbar: The toolbar that displays the name of the workbook (in this case, Workbook1) and buttons for some of the most common tasks, such as opening, saving, and printing a workbook.
- (3) Ribbon: The tabbed command bar at the top of a window or work area that organizes features into logical groups. The Home tab has the most commonly used commands for formatting workbook data.
- (4) Name box and formula bar: The address of the active cell appears here. If you don't see this box, click View > Formula Bar.
- **(5)** Worksheet: A single page in a workbook. Each workbook can have multiple worksheets, or "sheets."
- 6 Cell: The intersection point between a column (A, B, C) and a row (1, 2, 3). Each cell has an address (for example, cell A1 is the intersection point of column A, and row 1). The active cell has a blue highlight around it.

Hints

- To hide the ribbon while you work, on the right side of the ribbon, click
- To see a tip for a button on the ribbon or toolbar, rest the pointer over the button.

J. Move within worksheet cells
To enter data, you first need to know how to move between worksheet cells. You can use and formation mouse, keyboard, or menus to get to any cell.
Let's explore some of the ways that you can move between cells.
Click cell B2. The column heading (B) and row heading (2) appear in dark or highlight appears around the cell to indicate that it is the active



Tip The cell address, or "cell reference," for the active cell (for example, B2) appears in the Name box, located to the left of the formula bar.

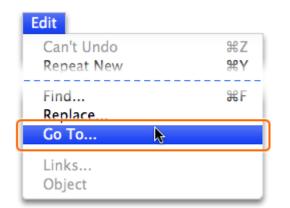
2 On your keyboard, press the TAB key once. Cell C2 becomes the active cell.

C2	1	💿 (= f	¢
A	В	С	D
2	÷		
3			
4			

3 Press the down arrow key twice, and then press the left arrow key twice. Cell A4 becomes the active cell.

	A4	÷ 🛞	💿 (= fx	
	А	В	С	D
2		25		
2		- Tr		
4				
5				

(4) Click Edit > Go To.



5 In the **Reference** box, type **A1**, and then click **OK**.

Go To	_
Go to:	OK Cancel Special
Reference	

6 Notice that cell A1 is now the active cell.

	A1	÷ 🛞	💿 (= f	¢
	A	В	C	D
1				
2				
3				
4				

Hints

• To change the color of the highlight around the active cell, on the **Apple** menu, click **System Preferences**. Then, under **Personal**, click **Appearance**, and select the highlight color that you want. For the change to take effect, you must quit and reopen Excel.

4. Enter data

Data in Excel can be text, numbers, or a combination of the two. To enter data, you simply type in the cell where you want the data to appear.

Let's enter some basic text and numerical data.

1 In cell B1, type **North**, in cell C1, type **East**, and in cell D1, type **South**.

	D2	: 😣 🛇	(• <i>f</i> x		
	Α	B	C	D	Γ
1		North	East	South	
2					Ţ
3					Ī

Note To commit data to a cell, you can press RETURN, TAB, or any of the arrow keys. The key you press determines which cell becomes the active cell.

2 In cell A2, type **January**, in cell A3, type **February**, and in cell A4, type **March**.

	A5	🛊 😣 🛇 (• fx						
	A	В	С	D				
1		North	East	South				
2	January							
3	February							
4	March							
5								
6								

(3) In cell B2, type **5000**, in cell B3, type **10000**, and in cell B4, type **15000**.

	B5 🛟 😒 📀 (o fx							
	A	В	С	D				
1		North	East	South				
2	January	5000						
3	February	10000						
4	March	15000						
5								
6								

(4) Notice that text data appears aligned to the left in cells and numerical data appears aligned to the right.

	B12 🛟 🐼 📀 (• fx							
	A	В	С	D				
1		North	East	South				
2	January	5000						
3	February	10000						
4	March	15000						

5. Select and format data

To make data easier to read and understand, you can format it. For example, you might make the top row of column labels (for example, North, East, and South) appear centered and bold. To format data, you first have to indicate which data you want to work with by selecting it.

Let's select a range of cells and format the data in the selected cells. 1 Move the pointer over cell B1, and when the pointer becomes a white cross, hold down the mouse button and drag across cells B1, C1 and D1. The highlight around the cells indicates that they are selected.

A	Home La	ayout	Tabl	es	Charts	Sn	nartArt
	B1	+ 😣	0 (- fx	North		
	A		3	С		D	
1		North		East		South	÷.
2	January		5000				
3	February		10000				
4	March		15000				
5							

2 On the **Home** tab, under **Font**, click **Bold**.



Under Alignment, click Center Text.



(4) Select cells B2, B3, and B4.

	B2	🛟 🛞 🥥 (* fx 5000		
	Α	В	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	5000		
3	February	10000		
4	March	- 15000		
5				

5 On the **Home** tab, under **Number**, click **Currency**.

Formulas	Data	Review		
		Number		
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		ustom		

6 Notice that the geographical regions are formatted as bold and centered, and that the numerical data is formatted as currency.

	B2	🛟 🛞 ⊘ (= fx 5000		
	Α	B	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00		
3	February	\$10,000.00		
4	March	\$15,000.00		
5				

Hints

- To select non-adjacent cells, hold down the z key, and then click each cell that you want to select.
- To see additional formatting options, select the cell(s) that you want to format, and then click **Format** > **Cells**.
- To clear a selection, click any worksheet cell.

6: Copy and paste formatting and data

To save time, rather than reentering and reformatting data, you can copy and paste data, as well as data formatting, into other cells.

Let's copy and paste some data and worksheet formatting.

① Select cell B1, and then on the **Standard** toolbar, click **Format Painter**.

	Excel	File	Edit	View	Insert	F
0	0					
21		a 🚊	2	la f		n •
A I	Home	Layout	Та	bles	Charts	

2 Notice that a moving marquee appears around the selected cell (B1), and the cursor now appears as a small paintbrush and white cross.

	B1	🗧 😣 🛇 (*	🛊 🛞 🥏 (🕆 🕺 🕅 🛠		
	Α	<u> </u>	С	D	
1		North	East	South	
2	January	\$5,000.00	್ಕಿ		
3	February	\$10,000.00	<u> </u>		
4	March	\$15,000.00			
5					

3 Select cells A2, A3, and A4.

	A	В	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00		
3	February	\$10,000.00		
4	March 🔍	\$15,000.00		
5				

4 Notice that cells A2, A3, and A4 have the same formatting as cell B1, and the cursor now appears as the regular white cross.

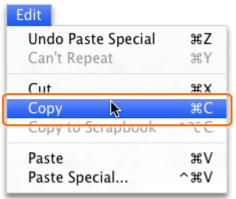
	A2	🛊 😣 🥥 (* fx January		
	А	В	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00		
3	February	\$10,000.00		
4	March	\$15,000.00		
5	÷			
6				

5 Select cells B2, B3, and B4.

	B2	🛊 😣 🥥 (= fx 5000		
	Α	B	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00		
3	February	\$10,000.00		
4	March	\$15,000.		
5				

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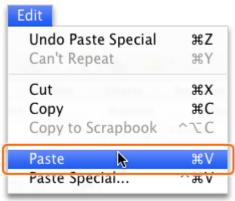
6 Click **Edit** > Copy.



- Tip To copy data by using the keyboard, hold down the command key, and then press
 C. This is a keyboard shortcut, and you will see it written in Help as z+C.
- Click cell C2, and then click Edit > Paste. A copy of the data appears in cells C2, C3, and C4.

	C2	: 😣 🛇 (<i>fx</i> 5000	
	Α	В	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	
5			÷	
6				

- $\frac{9}{2}$ **Tip** The keyboard shortcut for the Paste command is z+V.
- 8 Click in cell D2, and then click Edit > Paste.



9 Notice that a copy of the numerical data now appears in column C and column D.

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	D2 😫 😣 🥥 (* fx 5000				
	Α	B	С	D	
1		North	East	South	
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	
5				<u></u> д	
6				-0-	

Hints

- If you see ######### in a cell instead of data, the column is too narrow for the data, and you need to increase the width of the column.
- To hide the moving marquee around a copied selection, press ESC (located in the upper-left corner of your keyboard).
- To use the Format Painter to format multiple, non-adjacent cells, on the **Standard** toolbar, double-click **Format Painter**, and then select (or "paint") the cells that you want to format. When you are finished formatting, press ESC.
- To undo a mistake entering data, click **Edit** > **Undo** (or press z+Z).

7. Edit data

If you enter data incorrectly, or if you just want to change something, Excel makes it easy to edit data at any time.

Let's edit data by replacing the data, editing directly in the cell, and editing in the formula bar.

1 Click cell C2, type 6000, and then press RETURN.

	C3 😫 😵 🛇 (* fx 10000)
	Α	В	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,∰0.00	\$15,000.00
5				

2 Double-click cell C3. The cursor blinks in the cell to indicate that you are in cell editing mode.

	C3	🛟 🚱 📀 (🖷 fx 10000			
	Α	В	С	D	
1		North	East	South	
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00	
3	February	\$10,000.0	10000	\$10,000.00	
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	
5					

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Press the right arrow key until the cursor reaches the right of the cell, press DELETE to make the value 1000, and then press RETURN.

 C3 ÷ O f 1000
 I Massimiliation
 I Massimiliation<

	C3	🗧 😵 📀 (• fx 1000	
	Α	В	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	1000	\$10,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00
5				

- **?** Tip The keyboard shortcut to enter cell editing mode is CTRL+U.
- 4 If it is not already selected, select cell C4.
- 5 In the formula bar, select 15, and then type 7 to make the value 7000. Then press RETURN.

	C4	🗧 😵 😒 (fx 7000	
	A	В	C	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$10,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	7000	\$15,000.00
5				

6 Notice that C5 is the active cell and all of your edits are committed to the cells in column C.

	C5	1: 😣 🛇 🤇	fx	
	Α	B	С	D
1		North	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$1.000.00	\$10,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.00	\$15,000.00
5				
6		L L		

Hints

- To delete data from a cell, click the cell, and then press DELETE. On a MacBook keyboard, you must press FN+DELETE.
- To exit cell editing mode without committing a change, press ESC.

8. Insert and resize columns

As you enter and edit data, you can insert new columns to make room for new data or resize columns to make data fit better in the column.

T (1	. ,		olumns. D heading. A h selected. C B North \$5,000.00 \$10,000.00							monsing
Let's	insert	and resize c	olumns.						~	501
1 0	Click t	the column D	heading. A h	nighlight app	bears around	all ce	lls in the	column	to indicate	e
tł	hat th	e column is s	selected.						N.	
		D1	: 00	fx South		٦. I			Nn	
		Α	B	C	D 🕂	-				
	1		North	East	South					
	2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00					
	3	February	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$10,000.00					
	4	March	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.00						
	5		,,_		,,	-				

- 2 Click **Edit** > **Copy**.
- 3 Hold down CONTROL and click the column C heading, and then click Insert Copied Cells.

	C1	; 😣 🛇 (fx East	
	A	B	— C 📩	Help
1		North	East	негр
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.0	Cut %X
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.0	Сору ЖС
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.0	Paste XV
5				Paste Special ^\V
6			G	
7				Insert Copied Cells 🛛 🔈
8				Delete
9				Clear Contents
10				Format Cells %1
11				Column Width
12				Hide
13				Unhide
14				onnide

4 Notice that Excel inserts a copy of the cells and shifts the other data to the right.

	C1	: 😣 🛇 (fx South		
	Α	В	C	D	E
1		North	South	East	South
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00	\$5,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.00	\$10,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.00	\$15,000.00
5					

5 Click cell C1, type **Northwest Region**, and then press RETURN.

	C2	1 😣 🛇 🤇	fx 5000	
	Α	В	с	D
1		North	rthwest Regi	East
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.00
5				

6 Move the pointer over the border between column heading C and D. When the pointer appears as a double-headed arrow, double-click.

	C2	; 🛛 🔿 (○ fx 5000	
	Α	В	C +	+ D
1		North	rthwest Regi	East
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.00
5				

P Tip To set an exact width of a column, drag the border between column headings.

Notice that column C resizes to the width of the text.

	C2	: 😣 ⊘ (<i>fx</i> 5000	
	Α	В	c +	D
1		North	Northwest Region	East
2	January	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$6,000.00
3	February	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00	\$1,000.00
4	March	\$15,000.00	\$15,000.00	\$7,000.00
5				

Hints

- You can select and insert rows in the same way as you do columns.
- To force text to wrap to the width of a column, first select the column. Then, on the **Home** tab, under **Alignment**, click **Wrap Text**, and then select an option.

9. Save a workbook in a new folder

At this point, none of the changes that you have made to the workbook have been saved. The generic filename (Workbook1) above the Standard toolbar indicates that the workbook has not been saved.

Let's save the workbook in a new folder on your computer.

1 Click **File** > **Save**.

New Workbook	ЖN
New from Template	∂ቼP
Open	жo
Open URL	企 ₩Ο
Open Recent	►
Close	жw
Save 🔶	ЖS
Save As	ΰ₩S
Save as Web Page	
Save Layout	
Import	
Share	•

2 In the **Save As** box, enter a name for the workbook (for example, **Excel Basics**).

Save As	Excel Basics		
Where:	Document	s i	
Format:	Excel Workbo	ok (.xlsx)	•

3 On the Where pop-up menu, click **Documents**, then click the arrow next to the **Save As** box so that the arrow faces upward. All folders in your **Documents** folder appear.

Save As: Excel Basics	00 F 10		
► SS ■ Ocuments		search	
SHARED PLACES Desktop MacOffice Docum Applicat Figure Places Videos Word Practice Folder	7 7 7 7		

4 Click New Folder.

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	Format: Excel Workbook (.)	NI3A/
Description		
The XML-based f macro sheets.	format that Excel workbooks are save	d in by default. Cannot store VBA or Excel 4.0
Learn more about	t file formats	
Options	Compatibility Report) 🔒	Compatibility check recommended
	on New Folder	(Cancel) Save
🗹 Hide extensio		(Cancel) Save

5 In the New Folder dialog box, enter Excel Practice Folder, and then click Create.

New Folder
Name of new folder:
Excel Practice Folder
Cancel

- 6 Click Save.
- Notice that the file name (for example, Excel Basics.xlsx) of the saved workbook appears above the Standard toolbar.

<u> </u>)•@• ∑		Basics	.xlsx		Q- (Se
Charts	SmartArt	Formulas	Data	Review		
	Alignmer	nt	4	Number	-	Format
==	Connell (Track)	Wrap Text 🔹	Curre	ency	•	B • B •
		Merge -	E	• % • • •		ditional Styles

Hints

- To open a workbook that you worked on recently, click **File** > **Open Recent**, and then click the workbook that you want to open.
- To see a list of all Excel workbooks saved on your computer, click **File** > **New from Template**. Then in the left pane, under **Recent Documents**, click **All**.
- To quit Excel, click **Excel** > **Quit Excel**, or press z+Q.

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Quick Reference Card

	Do this				
Quick Reference Card					
То	Do this				
Create a new blank vorkbook	In the Excel Workbook Gallery, click Excel Workbook , and then click Choose . If the Excel Workbook Gallery is not open, click File > New Workbook .				
pen the Excel Workbook allery at any time	Click File > New from Template.				
ide the ribbon	On the right side of the ribbon, click .				
fove between cells in a neet	Click in a cell, or use the arrow, TAB, or RETURN keys on your keyboard, or click Edit > Go To , and then type a cell address (for example, A1).				
ormat cells by using the ormat Painter	Select the cells that use the format that you want to copy. Then, on the Standard toolbar, click Format Painter , and then select (or "paint") the cells that you want to format.				
de the moving marquee at appears around a copied lection	Press ESC.				
nd the keyboard shortcut a command	Keyboard shortcuts are located to the right of a command on a menu. For example, on the Edit menu, the keyboard shortcut for Copy is $z+C$.				
lit data directly in a cell	Double-click in the cell that you want to edit, and then make your changes. The keyboard shortcut to enter editing mode is CTRL+U.				
xit editing mode without ommitting changes.	Press ESC.				
et an exact width of a lumn	Drag the border between column headings (for example, A, B, C).				
orce text to wrap to the ridth of a column	Select the column. Then, on the Home tab, under Alignment , click Wrap Text , and then select an option.				
pen a recently opened orkbook	Click File > Open Recent , and then click the workbook file name.				

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More Hints

- e Hints
 A worksheet, or "sheet," is a single page in a workbook. Each workbook can have model of the single page in a workbook. Each workbook can have model of the sheets.
 The cell address, or "cell reference," for the active cell (for example. B?)
 Name box, located to the left of the formula bar.
 The column and row headings (for example appear in a darker or the sheet of the formula bar.
- To commit data to a cell, you can press RETURN, TAB, or any of the arrow keys. The key you press determines which cell becomes the active cell.
- By default, text data appears aligned to the left in cells and numerical data appears aligned to the right.
- To format data (for example, to make numerical data appear as currency), you first have to select the cells containing the data that you want to format.
- Some of the more commonly used keyboard shortcuts include: z+C to copy data, z+V to paste data, and z+Z to undo the last change.
- You can edit data directly in the cell or in the formula bar.
- Closing a workbook does not quit the application. To quit Excel, click Excel > Quit Excel.