

CPA PART III SECTION 5

CICT PART III SECTION 5

CIFA PART III SECTION 5

CCP PART III SECTION 5

STRATEGY, GOVERNANCE AND ETHICS

THURSDAY: 26 November 2020.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question.

QUESTION ONE

MAMBA GROUP LIMITED (MGL)

Headquartered in Mombasa Kenya, Mamba Group Limited (MGL) has been one of the largest manufacturers and marketers of food, home and personal care brands, and baby products in Kenya for several decades.

Founded in 1957, the consumer goods company has applied expansion, acquisition and joint ventures to achieve a distribution network that now spans across more than eight African countries. Apart from its operations in Kenya, MGL also has interests in international food business in Tanzania, Malawi, South Sudan, Uganda and Rwanda. For the period between January 2018 and December 2018, MGL reported a 5% increase in operating profit from domestic business. The group's turnover increased by 6% to Sh.3 billion, but the operating profit declined by 3% to Sh.0.5 billion during the same period.

In an effort to conserve the environment, the use of micro plastics in all personal care products was phased out by the group in the year 2015. MGL's strategies today are more focused on sustainable and ethical values. In January 2019, MGL recruited a new chief sustainability officer (CSO). The firm's new CSO, Jack Safari has been questioning whether attempts to be socially responsible are contributing to the firm's declining bottom line. This is because their competitors are not keen on social responsibility.

In the last senior management meeting, Jack Safari recommended that this issue be seriously interrogated by the internal auditor and the external audit team too. In April 2019, the Competition Authority found MGL and its competitors Zura Foods and Bidii Foods, guilty of anti-competitive behaviour and conspiring to increase the price of product Zee. Zura Foods paid a penalty of Sh.2 million to the Competition Authority while Bidii Foods was granted immunity for cooperating with the Competition Authority. Despite co-operating with the Competition Authority, MGL had to pay a fine of Sh.1 million.

MGL's twenty member Board of Directors is concerned since they were unaware of these anti-competitive practices. They believed that the adverse action could stifle the program towards their firm's aim of being the continent's most admired brand for consumer packaged goods; and that of being a high performing fast moving consumer goods company. The Board is considering several key decisions including:

- Reviewing the firm's organisation structure from a functional one to a more flexible structure.
- Hiring a chief legal officer.
- Scaling up the implementation of an automated balanced score card performance management system.
- Public listing of the firm.

Required:

- (a) With reference to MGL's organisational design:
 - (i) Examine three elements of an organisational structure.

(6 marks)

(ii) With the aid of relevant diagrams, analyse three alternative structural modifications which could be made to MGL's functional organisation structure to make it more flexible. (9 marks)

(b)	Jack Safari has been against MGL's stance on environmental conservation.	(
	In relation to the above statement, provide four reasons why MGL should be environmentally re	sponsible (8 marks)
(c)	The Board of Directors of MGL claimed that they were unaware of the anti-competitive practice imposition of a penalty by the Competition Authority.	which led to
	(i) Examine four duties expected of MGL's Board of Directors.	(8 marks)
	(ii) Citing three reasons, justify the need to reduce the size of MGL's Board of Directors.	(3 marks)
(d)	Discuss three non-financial measures of performance that MGL could focus on as it rolls ou Scorecard system. (To	t the Balanced (6 marks) tal: 40 marks)
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	TION TWO	
(a)	Discuss five typical contents of a corporate code of ethics.	(10 marks)
(b)	Corporate values describe the core ethics or principles which the organisation has committed to	abide by.
	Assess the relevance of corporate values to an organisation. (To	(5 marks) tal: 15 marks)
QUES'	TION THREE	
(a)	Describe five characteristics of corporate level strategies.	(5 marks)
(b)	Highlight five challenges that an organisation operating without a stated mission might face.	(5 marks)
(c)	You have been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of Mawe Ltd. The company has a toxic culture where some managers bully junior employees. The negative culture has led to increased employee turnover and decreased employees motivation.	
kesarah Bripb ke	With reference to the above statement, explain five measures you would put in place in order to negative workplace culture to positive workplace culture. (To	transform the (5 marks) tal: 15 marks)
QUES	TION FOUR	
(a)	With reference to corporate governance, distinguish between "rules based approach" and "prapproach".	rinciples based (4 marks)
(b)	Competitor analysis is an essential component of corporate strategy. Most organisations however right while analysing their competitors.	er, do not get it
	Explain six errors that are likely to be made by organisations in analysing their competitors.	(6 marks)
(c)	Establishment of internal controls in organisations is an international best practice.	
	Explain five benefits of strong internal control systems. (To	(5 marks)
QUES'	TION FIVE Examine five building blocks of professional judgement for corporate leaders today.	(10 marks)
(b)	Analyse five criticisms of Fredrick Taylor's Scientific Management Theory.	(5 marks)
(0)		tal: 15 marks)
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