# **KASNEB**

## **CPA PART II SECTION 4**

### **CIFA PART II SECTION 4**

#### **CCP PART II SECTION 4**

### **QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS**

FRIDAY: 27 November 2015.

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

Answer ALL questions. Marks allocated to each question are shown at the end of the question. Show ALL your workings.

#### **QUESTION ONE**

Star Manufacturers Limited specialises in the production of two products, A and B. The manufacturer sells the products at a fixed selling price to its customers. The following table shows the requirements for production of products A and B:

	Pro	duct	
	A	В	Available resources
Materials (Kilogrammes)	5	7	13,400
Labour (Hours)	3	4	7,800

Product A is sold for Sh.2,080 per unit whereas product B is sold for Sh.7,939 per unit. The variable costs of production are uncertain with the following margins of error:

	Pro	oduct	
	A	В	Error
Labour/Hour (Sh.)	140	265	± 10%
Material/Kilogramme (Sh.)	236	710	+ 5%

Star Manufacturers Limited utilises all the available resources.

#### Required:

Using matrix algebra, determine:

(i) The total expected revenue.

(3 marks)

(ii) The expected maximum profit.

(3 marks)

(iii) The expected minimum profit.

(3 marks)

- (b) Apex Limited is planning to launch a new product in the market. It has undertaken a survey on the product's colour, brand name and packaging. The company sent questionnaires to 200 potential customers to obtain their views on the three attributes of the product. The results were as follows:
  - 24 persons liked the packaging and the brand name.
  - 77 persons liked the brand name or the colour but did not like the packaging.
  - 40 persons liked the colour only.
  - 120 persons liked the colour or the brand name.
  - 23 persons liked the colour and the packaging.
  - 43 persons liked at least two of the three attributes.
  - 5 persons did not like any of the three attributes.
  - The questionnaires of 25 persons were not received back.

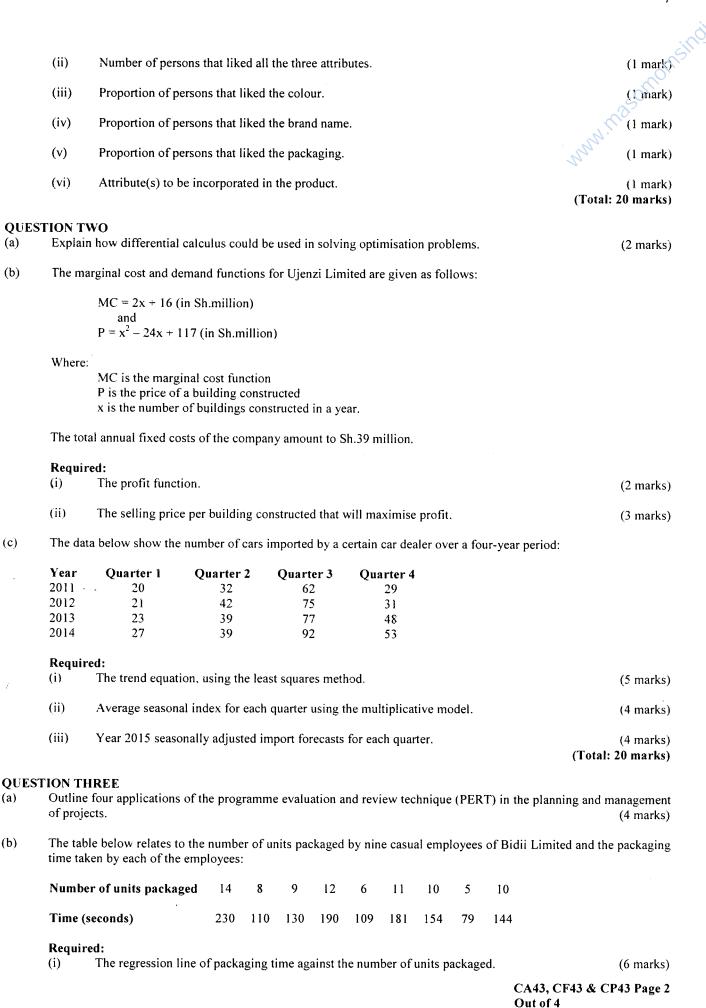
The company's policy is to incorporate an attribute in the product if at least 50 per cent of the respondents liked the attribute.

# Required:

(i) Present the above information in a venn diagram.

(6 marks)

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	(ii)	The product moment correlation	efficien	t.			(3 marks)				
	(iii)	The standard error of estimate	<b>).</b>								(3 marks)
	(iv)	A 95 per cent interval estimate	e of t	he regre	ssion li	ine.					(2 marks)
	(v)	The packaging time interval for	or 7 ı	ınits.							(2 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)	TION FO Explain	OUR the following terms as used in	game	e theory:							
	(i)	Pure strategy.									(1 mark)
	(ii)	Saddle point.									(1 mark)
(b)	Highlig	ht four applications of linear pr	ograr	mming i	n busin	ess.					(4 marks)
(c)	per day compan operatin service,	Vorks Limited deals in the provious for typing. The typist works by has determined that the cost goost plus the salary of the typing equipment. The additional salary is planning to least typing equipment. The additional salary is planning to least typing equipment.	for 8 it of ypist ise or	hours a a letter amount ne of the	day a waitin to Sh. two m	nd it t g to b 400 pe nodels	akes a e typed er day. of auto	n avera d is Sh In an mated	nge of 20 i.8 per he attempt t typewrite	our and to improve to be u	to type a letter. The he typing equipment e on the letter typing used together with the
	Model	Additional cost per day (S	h.)	Increas	e in ty	-	efficie	ncy (%	)		
	! []	370 390				50 75					
	Require Advise	ed: the company on the action that	it sho	ould take	e in orc	ler to n	ninimis	se the to	otal daily	cost.	(5 marks)
(d)	up to a	erop was employed by Golden maximum of 6 houses in a mo one of the following three salar	onth.	Due to	good p	erform					
	Plan A:	A 25 per cent salary increar	nent	to Sh.50	,000 p	er mon	th.				
	Plan B:	A fixed monthly salary of S	h.20,	,000 per	month	plus a	comm	ission	of Sh.12,	000 per h	ouse sold.
	Plan C:	No monthly salary but a con	nmis	sion of S	Sh.20.0	000 per	house	sold.			
	Require	ed: The optimal salary plan for Ja	ne Cl	herop ba	sed on	the ma	aximin	criterio	on.		(3 marks)
	(ii)	The optimal salary plan for Ja	ne Cl	herop ba	sed on	the m	inimax	regret	criterion.	•	(3 marks)
	(iii)	Assume that during the past y was as follows:	year,	the distr	ributio	n of th	e hous	es sold	by Jane	Cherop f	or the twelve months
		Number of houses sold	0	1	2	3	4	5	6		
		Number of months	1	2	1	2	1	3	2		
		Advise Jane Cherop on the op	timal	l salary p	olan ba	sed on	the ex	pected	value cri	terion.	(3 marks) (Total: 20 marks)
QUES (a)		VE lation model attempts to desc erised by four types of variables		a busir	iess sy	stem	using	a num	per of e	quations.	These equations are

The table be daily basis:	elow shows the	probabilit	y distri	bution	of the	number	of dig	ital bo	xes sol	d by an e	electronics
Digital boxe	s sold (units)	0	. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	len.
Probability		0.05	0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.15	0.15	0.10	0.05	W.
Required: (i) The	probability that	the numb	er of di	gital be	oxes so	ld in a į	given d	ay is at	least 3	but less t	than 7.
(ii) The	mean daily sale	s of digita	al boxes	š.			-		-		
	standard deviat			•	-		مامد <i>ه</i> " م	.m. 4h.a	volue-	of a #==	dom on
The sales moutstanding	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	adom samp
The sales moutstanding:  Value Sh."000"	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data c	on the	values	of a ran	idom samp
The sales moutstanding  Value Sh."000"  0 < 100	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data c	on the	values	of a ran	idom samp
The sales m outstanding Value Sh. "000" 0 < 100 100 < 200	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20 18	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	adom samp
The sales moutstanding  Value Sh."000"  0 < 100	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	idom samp
The sales m outstanding value Sh. "000" 0 < 100 100 < 200 200 < 300	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20 18 22	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	idom samp
The sales moutstanding value Sh."000" 0 < 100 100 < 200 200 < 300 300 < 400	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20 18 22 15	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	adom samp
Value Sh."000" 0 < 100 100 < 200 200 < 300 300 < 400 400 < 500 500 < 600 600 < 700	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20 18 22 15 9 8 4	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	adom samp
Value Sh. "000" 0 < 100 100 < 200 200 < 300 300 < 400 400 < 500 500 < 600	nanager of Uza sales invoices of Number of o sales invoice 20 18 22 15 9	Limited the comp	has obtoany:	•	-		data`c	on the	values	of a ran	idom samp

A 95 per cent confidence level of the mean value of outstanding sales invoices.

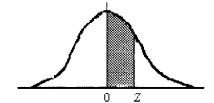
(ii)

(2 marks)

(Total: 20 marks)

# **NORMAL CURVE**

AREAS under the STANDARD NORMAL CURVE from 0 to z



Z	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 .	8	9
0.0	.0000	.0040	.0080	.0120	.0160	.0199	.0239	.0279	.0319	.0359
0.0	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0754
0.2	.0793	.0832	.0871	.0910	.0948	.0987	.1026	.1064	.1103	.1141
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
0.4	.1554	.1591	.1628	.1664	.1700	.1736	.1772	.1808	.1844	.1879
<b>V. T</b>	.,,,,									
0.5	.1915	.1950	1985	.201	.2051	.2088	.2123	.2157	.2190	.2224
0.6	.2258	.2291	.2324	.2357	.2389	.2422	.2454	.2486	.2518	.2549
0.7	.2580	.2612	.2642	.2673	.2704	.2734	.2704	.2794	.2823	.2852
0.8	.2881	.2910	.2939	.2967	.2996	.3023	.3051	.3078	.3106	3133
0.9	.3159	.3186	.3212	.3238	.3264	.3289	.3315	.3340	.3365	.3389
1.0	.3413	.3438	.3461	.3485	.3508	.3531	.3554	.3577	.3599	.3621
1.1	.3643	.3665	.3686	.3708	.3729	.3749	.3770	.3790	.3810	.3830
1.2	.3849	.3869	.3888	.3907	.3925	.3944	.3962	.3980	.3997	.4015
1.3	.4032	.4049	.4066	.4082	.4099	.4115	.4131	.4147	.4162	.4177
1.4	.4192	.4207	.4222	.4236	.4251	.4265	.4279	.4292	.4306	.4319
1.5	.4332	.4345	.4357	.4370	.4382	.4394	.4406	.4418	.4429	.4441
1.6	.4452	.4463	.4474	.4484	.4495	.4505	.4515	.4525	.4535	.4545
1.7	.4554	.4564	.4573	.4582	.4591	.4599	.4608	.4616	.4625	.4633
1.8	.4641	.4649	.4656	.4664	.4671	.4678	.4686	.4693	.4699	.4706
1.9	.4713	.4719	.4726	.4732	.4738	.4744	.4750	.4756	.4761	.4767
•										
2.0	.4772	.4778	.4783	.4788	.4793	.4798	.4803	.4808	.4812	.4817
2.1	.4821	.4826	.4830	.4834	.4838	.4842	.4846	.4850	.4854	.4857
2.2	.4861	.4864	.4868	.4871	.4875	.4878	.4881	.4884	.4887	4890
2.3	.4893	.4896	.4898	.4901	.4904	.4906	.4909	.4911	.4913	.4916
2.4	.4918	.4920	.4922	.4925	.4927	.4929	.4931	.4932	.4934	.4936
2.5	.4938	.4940	.4941	.4943	.4945	.4946	.4948	.4949	.4951	.4952
2.6	.4953	.4955	.4956	.4957	.4959	.4960	.4961	.4962	.4963	.4964
2.7	.4965	.4966	.4967	.4968	.4969	.4970	.4971	.4972	.4973	.4974
2.8	.4974	.4975	.4976	.4977	.4977	.4978	.4979	.4979	.4980	.4981
2.9	.4981	.4982	.4982	.4983	.4984	.4984	.4985	.4985	.4986	.4986
	400-	4007	4007	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000
3.0	.4987	.4987	.4987	.4988	.4988	.4989	.4989	.4989	.4990	.4990
3.1	.4990	.4991	.4991	.4991	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4993	.4993
3.2	.4993	.4993	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4294	.4994	.4995	.4995	.4995
3.3	.4995	.4995	.4995	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4997
3.4	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4998
0.5	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000	4000
3.5	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998
3.6	.4998	.4998	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999
3.7	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999
3.8	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999
3.9	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000	.5000